CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A carrier for detecting an analyte in a sample, comprising an analyte binding moiety and a signaling moiety each associated with the carrier, the analyte binding moiety being associated with the carrier so that it is disposed away from the carrier a greater distance than the signaling moiety is disposed from the carrier.
- 2. The carrier of claim 1 wherein the carrier is a particle, and the signaling moiety is encapsulated in the particle and the analyte binding moiety is associated with a surface of the particle.
- 3. The carrier of claim 1 wherein the carrier is a particle, and the signaling moiety is associated with the particle through a first linker and the analyte binding moiety is associated with the particle through a second linker that has a longer dimension than the first linker.
- 4. The carrier of claim 1 where the analyte binding moiety and the signaling moiety are associated with the carrier through a common linker and wherein the signaling moiety is associated with a side group of the linker and the analyte binding moiety is associated with an end portion of the linker.
- 5. The carrier of any one of claims 1-5 wherein the signaling moiety comprises a member selected from the group consisting of a chemiluminescent moiety, an electrochemiluminescent moiety, a fluorescent moiety, a chromogenic moiety and an enzyme.
- 6. The carrier of claim 5 wherein the signaling moiety comprises a chemiluminescent or electrochemiluminescent moiety selected from the group consisting of a rare earth element and acridinium.

- 7. The carrier of claim 5 wherein the signaling moiety comprises europium.
- 8. The carrier of claim 5 wherein the signaling moiety comprises acridinium.
- 9. The carrier of claim 8, wherein the carrier is a particle and the acridinium is encapsulated in the particle.
 - 10. A carrier for detecting an analyte in a sample, comprising an analyte binding moiety associated with the carrier; and a signaling moiety that is releasably associated with the carrier when the carrier is treated to a releasing condition.
- 11. The carrier of claim 10 wherein the signaling moiety is releasably associated with the carrier through a linker.
 - 12. The carrier of claim 11 wherein the linker is a dissociable linker.
- 13. The carrier of claim 12 wherein the dissociable linker comprises a first nucleic acid sequence that hybridizes to a second nucleic acid sequence attached to the carrier.
 - 14. The carrier of claim 11 wherein the linker is a cleavable linker.
- 15. The carrier of claim 14 wherein the cleavable linker contains a photolabile linkage.
- 16 The carrier of claim 14 wherein the cleavable linker contains an enzymatically cleavable linkage.
- 17. The carrier of claim 14 wherein the cleavable linker contains a chemically cleavable linkage.

- 18. The carrier of claim 17 wherein the cleavable linker comprises a disulfide linkage.
- 19. The carrier of claim 10 wherein the carrier is a particle, and wherein the signaling moiety is encapsulated in the particle and the releasing condition is physical crushing of the particle.
- 20. The carrier of claim 19 wherein the carrier is a particle, and wherein the signaling moiety is encapsulated in the particle, and wherein the releasing condition comprises at least one of swelling or solubilization of the particle.
- 21. The carrier of claim 10 wherein the carrier is a particle, and the analyte binding moiety is associated with a surface of the particle and the signaling moiety is encapsulated within the particle.
- 22. The carrier of any one of claims 19-21 where the signaling moiety is acridinium.
- 23. The carrier of any one of claims 10-22 further linked to a second carrier.
- 24. The carrier of any one of claims 10-21 wherein the signaling moiety comprises a member selected from the group consisting of a chemiluminescent moiety, an electrochemiluminescent moiety, a fluorescent moiety, a chromogenic moiety and an enzyme.
- 25. The carrier of claim 24 wherein the signaling moiety is comprised of a chemiluminescent or electrochemiluminescent moiety selected from the group consisting of a rare earth element and acridinium.
- 26. The carrier of claim 25 wherein the signaling moiety comprises a rare earth element that is associated with the carrier through a chelating moiety.

- 27. The carrier of any one of claims 24-26 wherein the signaling moiety comprises europium.
- 28. The carrier of claim 24 wherein the signaling moiety comprises acridinium.
 - 29. A carrier for detecting an analyte in a sample, comprising an analyte binding moiety and a signaling moiety linked to one another through a first linkage and linked to the carrier though a second linkage different from the first linkage.
- 30. The carrier of claim 29 wherein the signaling moiety is linked to the carrier through the second linkage.
- 31. The carrier of claim 29 wherein the analyte binding moiety is linked to the carrier through the second linkage.
- 32. The carrier of claim 29 wherein the first linkage is though a linking molecule that extends the analyte binding moiety away from the signaling moiety.
- 33. The carrier of claim 29 wherein the second linkage is though a linking molecule that extends the analyte binding moiety and signaling moiety away from the carrier.
- 34. The carrier of any one of claims 29-33 wherein the signaling moiety comprises a member selected from the group consisting of a chemiluminescent moiety, an electrochemiluminescent moiety, a fluorescent moiety, a chromogenic moiety and an enzyme.
- 35. The carrier of claim 34 wherein the signaling moiety is comprised of a chemiluminescent or electrochemiluminescent moiety selected from the group consisting of a rare earth element and acridinium.

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- 36. The carrier of claim 35 wherein the signaling moiety comprises a rare earth element and at least one of the first and second linkages comprises a linker containing a chelating moiety that binds the rare earth element.
- 37. The carrier of any one of claims 34-36 wherein the signaling moiety comprises europium.
- 38. The carrier of claim 29 wherein the signaling moiety comprises acridinium.
- 39. A method of analyzing a sample for the presence of an analyte, comprising

contacting the sample with a first analyte binding moiety associated with a substrate to form a bound complex on the substrate;

contacting the bound complex with a carrier comprising a second analyte binding moiety and a signaling moiety that is releasably associated with the carrier when the carrier is treated to a releasing condition.

removing carriers that do not bind the analyte and retaining carriers that do bind the analyte on the substrate;

releasing the signaling moiety from the retained carriers; and detecting the released signaling moiety.

- 40. The method of claim 39 wherein the substrate is a particle.
- 41. The method of claim 40 wherein the particle is a magnetic particle.
- 42. The method of claim 39 wherein the signaling moiety is releasably associated with the carrier through a linker.
 - 43. The method of claim 42 wherein the linker is a dissociable linker.

- 44. The method of claim 43 wherein the dissociable linker comprises a first nucleic acid sequence that hybridizes to a second nucleic acid sequence attached to the carrier.
 - 45. The method of claim 42 wherein the linker is a cleavable linker.
- 46. The method of claim 45 wherein the cleavable linker contains a photolabile linkage.
- 47. The method of claim 45 wherein the cleavable linker contains an enzymatically cleavable linkage.
- 48. The method of claim 45 wherein the cleavable linker contains a chemically cleavable linkage.
- 49. The method of claim 48 wherein the cleavable linker comprises a disulfide linkage.
- 50. The method of claim 39 wherein the carrier is a particle, and wherein the signaling moiety is encapsulated in the particle and the releasing condition is physical crushing of the particle.
- 51. The method of claim 39 wherein the carrier is a particle, and wherein the signaling moiety is encapsulated in the particle, and wherein the releasing condition comprises at least one of swelling or solubilization of the particle.
- 52. The method of claim 39 wherein the carrier is a particle, and the analyte binding moiety is associated with a surface of the particle and the signaling moiety is encapsulated within the particle.
- 53. The method of any one of claims 50-52 wherein the signaling moiety is acridinium.

- 54. The method of claim 38 wherein the carrier is further linked to a second carrier.
- 55. The method of any one of claims 39-52 or 54 wherein the signaling moiety comprises a member selected from the group consisting of a chemiluminescent moiety, an electrochemiluminescent moiety, a fluorescent moiety, a chromogenic moiety and an enzyme.
- 56. The method of claim 55 wherein the signaling moiety is comprised of a chemiluminescent or electrochemiluminescent moiety selected from the group consisting of a rare earth element and acridinium.
- 57. The method of claim 56 wherein the signaling moiety comprises a rare earth element that is associated with the carrier through a chelating moiety.
- 58. The method of claim 55 wherein the signaling moiety comprises europium.
- 59. The method of claim 55 wherein the signaling moiety comprises acridinium.
- 60. The method of claim 39 wherein the carrier further comprises a first binding partner that binds to a second binding partner other than the analyte, and further including;

contacting the retained carrier with a second carrier associated with a second binding partner that binds the first binding partner and with the signaling moiety that also releasably associated with the second carrier to form a multi-carrier complex;

prior to releasing the signal moieties, removing the second carriers that are not in the multi carrier complex and retaining the multi carrier complex;

releasing the signal moieties from the multi carrier complex; and detecting the released signal moieties.

61. The method of claim 60 wherein the second carrier further includes a third binding partner that binds to a fourth binding partner different from first and second binding partners and further including;

contacting the second carrier with a third carrier comprising the fourth binding partner and the signaling moiety releasably associated with the third carrier to form a second multi carrier complex;

prior to releasing the signal moieties, removing the third carriers that are not in the second multi carrier complex and retaining the second multi carrier complex;

releasing the signal moieties from the second multi carrier complex; and

detecting the released signal moieties.

62. A method for analyzing a sample for the presence of an analyte, comprising

contacting the sample with a first carrier associated with an analyte binding molecule and a releasable adapter having a first domain comprising a first binding partner that binds a second binding partner, and a second domain comprising a third binding partner that binds a fourth binding partner other than the second binding partner;

removing the first carriers that are not bound to the analyte and retaining the first carriers that are bound to the analyte;

releasing the releasable adapter from the retained first particles;

contacting the released adapter with a second carrier associated with a releasable signaling moiety and with the second binding partner that binds the first binding partner of the released adapter;

contacting the second carrier with a substrate that is linked to the fourth binding partner that binds the third binding partner of the released adapter to form a substrate carrier complex;

removing the second carriers that are not associated with the substrate carrier complex;

releasing the signal moieties from the second carriers; and

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detecting the released signal moieties.

- 63. The method of claim 62 wherein the second carrier is a particle, and wherein the signaling moiety is encapsulated in the particle and the releasing condition is physical crushing of the particle.
- 64. The method of claim 62 wherein the second carrier is a particle, and wherein the signaling moiety is encapsulated in the particle, and wherein the releasing condition comprises at least one of swelling or solubilization of the particle.
- 65. The method of claim 62 wherein the second carrier is a particle, and the analyte binding moiety is associated with a surface of the particle and the signaling moiety is encapsulated within the particle.
- 66. The method of any one of claims 63-65 wherein the signaling moiety is acridinium.
- 67. A method for analyzing a sample for the presence of an analyte, comprising

contacting the sample with a first carrier associated with an analyte binding molecule releasably associated with the carrier, and where the analyte binding molecule has a first domain that binds the analyte and second domain that comprises a first binding partner that binds a second binding partner;

contacting the first carrier with a substrate that binds the first carrier; removing the first carriers that are not bound to the substrate and retaining the first carriers that are bound to the substrate;

releasing the releasable analyte binding moiety from the retained first carriers;

contacting the released analyte binding moiety with a second carrier associated with a releasable signaling moiety and containing a second

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binding partner that binds the first binding partner on the released analyte binding molecule;

contacting the second carrier with a substrate that is associated with a third binding partner that binds a fourth binding partner on the analyte binding molecule;

removing the second carriers that are not associated with the substrate and retaining second carriers that are associated with the substrate;

releasing the signal moieties from the retained second carriers; and detecting the released signal moieties.

- 68. The method of claim 67 wherein the second carrier is a particle, and wherein the signaling moiety is encapsulated in the particle and the releasing condition is physical crushing of the particle.
- 69. The method of claim 67 wherein the second carrier is a particle, and wherein the signaling moiety is encapsulated in the particle, and wherein the releasing condition comprises at least one of swelling or solubilization of the particle.
- 70. The method of claim 67 wherein the second carrier is a particle, and the analyte binding moiety is associated with a surface of the particle and the signaling moiety is encapsulated within the particle.
- 71. The method of any one of claims 68-70 wherein the signaling moiety is acridinium.
 - 72. A carrier for analyzing a sample, comprising a microparticle having acridinium encapsulated therein.